

# General Magnaplate

Smart Coating Solutions® Worldwide

## BENEFITS

- Dramatically increase surface hardness
- Resist corrosion, chemicals, and acids
- Prevent abrasive wear and galling
- Provide superior mold release
- Meet AMS 2469 and AMS 2482
- Offer high dielectric strength
- Meets the End of Life Vehicle (ELV) initiative for the automotive industry
- Permanently self-lubricating for extended wear
- Many meet FDA and USDA codes
- Speed cleanup and sanitation maintenance
- No outgassing in the vacuum of space
- Low COF eliminates sticking and product “hang up”
- Won’t chip, peel, or flake off like “paint-ons”
- ITAR registered and REACH compliant
- Intermediary combinations and permutations of coating characteristics can be formulated to specific order

## TUFRAM®

### Surface Enhancement Coatings Protect Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys Against Wear, Corrosion, Sticking and Galling

Engineers worldwide recognize TUFRAM as the solution to a host of problems encountered in commercial applications in all types of manufacturing, processing and packaging equipment.

Created in a proprietary, multi-step process that makes aluminum surfaces harder than steel, TUFRAM coatings combine the hardness of aluminum oxide ceramic with the desirable properties of selected

Magnaplate proprietary polymers to give aluminum parts previously unattainable levels of hardness, wear and corrosion resistance, as well as permanent lubricity.

Since the surface is superior in performance to both the aluminum or any of the individual components used in the process, Magnaplate-applied TUFRAM coatings are identified as “synergistic.”

### ENGINEERING DATA AND PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Corrosion resistance.** TUFRAM coatings exhibit much greater corrosion resistance than conventional hard anodizing. Some types show extremely high resistance to most common chemicals and salt spray. Tests show no effect after 168 hours immersion in Aqua Regia at 248°F (120°C). A TUFRAM-coated surface showed almost no corrosive activity after prolonged, continuous exposure to the atmosphere and salt water. In addition, TUFRAM enhancements on high strength aluminum exceed the AMS 2482 requirement of a minimum of 336 hours in salt spray.

When maximum corrosion resistance on aluminum is required, MAGNAPLATE HCR®, which provides 40 times the required protection, is recommended.

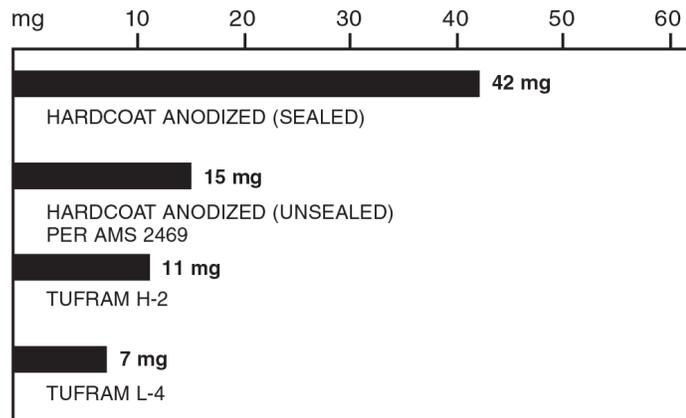
**Abrasion resistance.** A smooth surface substrate produces the most abrasion-resistant TUFRAM finish. Taber abrasion measurements show that its wear resistance is far better than either case-hardened steel or hard chrome plate. No matter what other metal rubs against the TUFRAM coating, it too will show only slight wear.

## Ultra-Thin TUFAM 2000™

**Offers all these special features and benefits in one ultra-thin coating!**

- Precision with .0003 - .0007" thicknesses (.00015 - .00035" buildup)
- Superior resistance to wear (4.68/10,000 cycles)
- No chrome — environmentally friendly
- Excellent corrosion resistance (2,500 hrs.)
- USDA/FDA compliant
- Sealed or unsealed versions
- Retains excellent thermal conductivity of aluminum
- Creates an effective dielectric barrier
- For complex geometric shapes
- Dense and uniform oxide layer with accurate control via micro processors
- Meets performance requirements of AMS 2469

## EQUILIBRIUM WEAR RATES\*



\*Using Taber Abrasion, WEIGHT LOSS = mg. per 10,000 cycles  
CS-17 wheel, 1000 gm. load

**Friction.** In some cases, the static friction decreases with an increase in load. TUFAM eliminates "stick-slip" and undesirable vibration of higher break-away friction.

## TUFAM FRICTION CHART

Material	vs. Material	COF Static	COF Kinetic
Aluminum	Aluminum	0.42	0.34
Aluminum	TUFAM H0	0.25	0.22
TUFAM H2	TUFAM H2	0.17	0.14
TUFAM L4	TUFAM L4	0.18	0.17

**Hardness.** Varies from equivalent hardness of Rc 40 to Rc 65, depending on the TUFAM chosen and alloy used.

**Adherence and impact resistance.** TUFAM coatings adhere firmly to most alloys, especially those containing magnesium. Impact resistance is limited only by the structural strength of the base metal to which they are applied.

**FDA/USDA compliance.** Compliance with FDA and USDA codes makes most TUFAM coatings advantageous for food and pharmaceutical processing and packaging, and some medical industry applications.

**Temperature.** Exhibits high strength, toughness, and self-lubricity down to -360°F (-218°C), and intermittent operating capability at temperatures as high as +850°F (+454°C), depending upon the process specified and the alloy used.

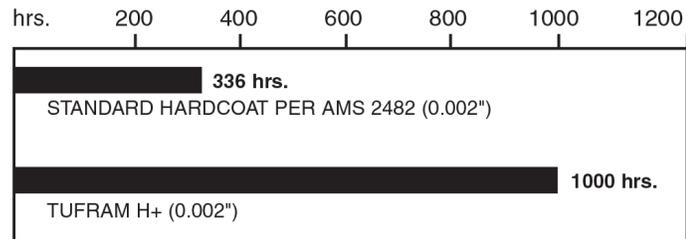


*TUFGRAM on aluminum sections of Johnson Controls' bi-metallic PET bottle molds prevent erosion and galvanic corrosion causing poor release, high reject rates and shortened mold life. Steel sections are treated with Magnaplate's NEDOX®.*



*TUFGRAM provides superior protection in severe abrasive environments. This roller guide is used to manufacture cardboard tubing. TUFGRAM coatings run on Taber abrasion testing units have produced weight loss numbers as low as 0.5 mg per 1000 cycles (Fed Std. #141).*

### SALT SPRAY TEST



**Non-stick release properties.** Very few solid substances, even adhesives, adhesive-backed products or glues, will permanently adhere to the proprietary-polymer-impregnated surface of a TUFGRAM-coated part. Most substances, such as plastics, rubber or slurries, release easily. Some extremely tacky materials may exhibit mild temporary adhesion.

**Self-lubricating surface.** Proprietary polymers impregnated into the aluminum during the TUFGRAM process level off surface asperities to provide a permanent self-lubricating surface, and result in greatly reduced surface tension. TUFGRAM-coated parts exhibit a longer wear-life, require less maintenance, and provide greater operating efficiencies with less downtime. Mating parts that operate with a sliding or rotating motion experience a dramatic reduction in friction.

**Thermal conductivity.** Aluminum that has been coated with TUFGRAM exhibits rapid heat and cold transfer. By converting the original single flat crystal into millions of surface facets, the TUFGRAM process permits heat distribution within the encapsulated outer surface far better than that of untreated aluminum. Some of the proprietary polymers impregnated into the TUFGRAM coating have a heat conductivity of 1.73 .03 Btu/hr/sq ft/deg F/in. Selective processing permits wide ranges of conductivity for heat sink applications.

**Resistance to acid and alkaline solutions.** TUFGRAM 600 Series coatings provide superior resistance to attack from acid or alkaline solutions and atmosphere. In humidification tests, panels with one edge exposed by a saw cut were immersed in acid with a pH range of 3.5 - 4.0 and in an alkaline solution with a pH range of 8.5 - 9.0. Both panels protruded for half their lengths to provide immersion and vapor tests simultaneously. After 90 days, saw cut edges on both panels were badly corroded. Heaviest damage occurred at interfaces of the liquid and vapor states. However, TUFGRAM-treated surface areas showed no effect.

**Non-wetting.** The new, integral surfaces are oleophobic and hydrophobic, and resist wetting by most liquids. Cleanup is faster, easier, and more thorough. Parts become self-cleaning. Maintenance time and labor are greatly reduced.

**Weather resistance.** Tests of TUFGRAM-coated samples, exposed for years to severe climatic conditions, confirm its resistance to all types of weather. TUFGRAM coatings also exhibit excellent resistance to ultraviolet light and extreme heat.

**Performance in vacuums.** TUFGRAM coatings have been applied to parts on every space vehicle. They are required to perform in extreme environments, including vacuums to  $10^{-6}$  torr and temperatures from  $-100^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-73^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) to  $+350^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $+177^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), and under conditions of extreme vibration. Today, they are used in vacuum packaging and on machinery that must operate under vacuum.

**Application to aluminum alloys.** Aluminum and its alloys that contain less than 5% copper and 7% silicon and that do not contain excessive zinc or lead are most suitable for the application of TUFGRAM coatings. Most cast, forged, extruded or wrought alloys can be treated. The degree of hardness or penetration does vary with some alloys. Finish color may vary depending on base alloy, coating selection and thickness.

**Coating tolerances / thickness.** With few exceptions, a consistently uniform coating can be applied to parts of any configuration or weight, and virtually any size or thickness. Precise control of thickness permits use on threaded members and similar close-tolerance applications. By undersizing outside pitch diameter by roughly twice the coating thickness prior to coating, original thread sizes are maintained.

For machining allowances, note that overall final thickness of the coating is influenced by two factors:

- A. Penetration
- B. Surface Growth

The table below shows typical examples:

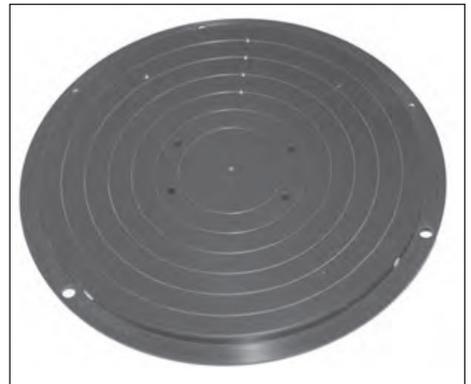
Coating Thickness	Surface Growth*
0.0008 inches	0.0004 inches
0.0010 inches	0.0005 inches
0.0020 inches	0.0010 inches

\*Note: Growth is approximately 50% of the thickness value

Thickness is customized for each application. Maximum thickness is limited by alloy composition. Minimum practical thickness is 0.0005".



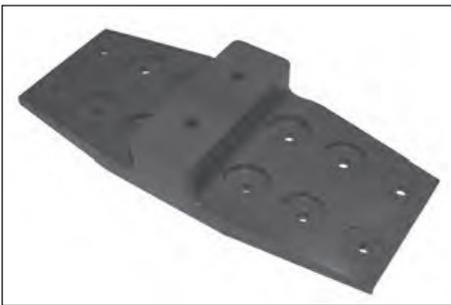
*TUFGRAM on this pneumatic shifter reduces friction as the accompanying piston runs against it. The shifter is used on aircraft towing vehicles, which operate under substantial loads.*



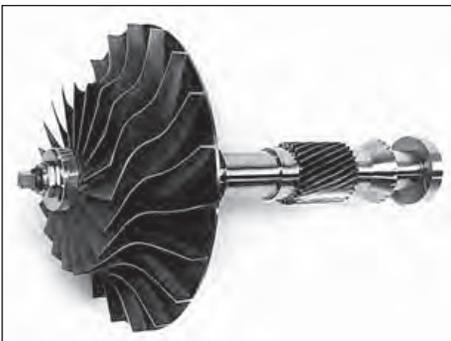
*TUFGRAM coatings are excellent in vacuum environments. The TUFGRAM coating on this wafer chuck provides wear resistance and does not generate particulate under vacuum, enabling contamination-free wafers to be manufactured.*



*TUFAM coatings protected aluminum fuel mixing control valves on the LEM Ascent Engine of Apollo 13 against vibration and "outgassing" under operating conditions of 10 -6 torr vacuum and -100°F (-73°C) to +350°F (+177°C) temperature variations.*



*TUFAM on an aircraft centrifuge component reduces friction and increases wear resistance.*



*Aluminum air compressor impeller blades exhibit longer wear life, reduced drag, and improved airflow after being coated with TUFAM to protect them against corrosive and erosive chemical process industry gas streams.*

## TUFAM FAMILY OF "SYNERGISTIC" COATINGS

<b>L-4</b>	Minimizes "stick/slip".
<b>H-2</b>	Maximum hardness (Rc 60 – 65).
<b>H+</b>	High strength aluminum (T-6) maintains maximum hardness, corrosion resistance and lubricity.
<b>10K3</b>	Wear and corrosion resistant coating providing release up to 850°F (454°C).
<b>HO</b>	Hardness of Rc 40 to 50, wear resistant, dry lubricated surface on aluminum with good release. Compliant with USDA and FDA codes.
<b>R-66F</b>	Permanent mold and sealing surface release. USDA/FDA-compliant.
<b>R66LT</b>	Low temperature properties include excellent chemical resistance on aluminum parts in pH ranges from 2 to 13.
<b>SLK</b>	Enhanced with improved anti-stick and designed to provide similar properties to HO on aluminum.
<b>FC12</b>	Special combinations of polymers and dry lubricants allow low COF.
<b>TNS</b>	Excellent release of adhesives and hot melt glues on aluminum surfaces.

**Dielectric properties.** The TUFAM process converts the aluminum surface to one with excellent dielectric characteristics, without affecting the high conductivity of the parent metal. The proprietary-polymer impregnation imparts outstanding properties as an insulator. The polymers do not absorb water. Volume resistivity values remain unchanged, even after prolonged soaking in water. Surface resistivity values were taken at 100% relative humidity. Dielectric constant for the polymer remains constant at 2.1 for a temperature range of -250°F (-157°C) to +550°F (+288°C) and a frequency range of 5 Hz – 10,000 MHz. Dissipation factor is also constant at 0.0003 for the same ranges of temperature and frequency. Non-conductive TUFAM acts as an insulator that withstands a range of 500 – 2,000 volts, depending upon thickness.

